



CAGBA Photo Registry Inspection

Application Form

Goats must have a permanent form of ID prior to recording. Tattoos, microchips, or ear tags are recommended. ID numbers must not exceed four digits. Goats that do not have a permanent form of ID will not be recorded, inspected, or registered. Please see additional information on the backside of this form.

Instructions:

1. Complete this form and calculate the return shipping/postage for return shipping. (Complete one form for each fleece/animal.)
2. Attach a check/money order for \$8 (\$16 non-member) payable to **CAGBA** (not CAGR) **PLUS** the return shipping/postage amount.
3. Mail your fleece(s), Inspection Application(s), video/photos, and check/money order to the **Photo Inspection Coordinator**.

Registry Use

Animal # _____

Breeder ID # _____

Owner ID # _____

Inspection Date: _____ Inspection Location: _____

Goat Owner: _____ Owner's Herd ID: _____

Owner's Address: _____ City, State, Zip: _____

Telephone: (____) - ____ - ____ Fax: (____) - ____ - ____

Email Address: _____

Breeder's Name: _____

Goat's Name: _____ Tag/microchip/tattoo #: _____ *Record #: _____

DOB: _____ (must be at least 1 year) Sex: Male Female Multiple: Single Twin Triplet

Color and Pattern: _____ (See color and pattern index on the backside of this form.)

*** Note:** If your goat **does not** have a record number, PLEASE provide as much pedigree information as possible in the space provided below.

Sire's Information

Sire's Name _____ Record No: _____

Tag/Microchip/Tag #: _____ Breeder's Name: _____

Color and Pattern: _____

Sire's Name _____ Tag/Microchip/Tag #: _____ Color & Pattern: _____

Dam's Name _____ Tag/Microchip/Tag #: _____ Color & Pattern: _____

Dam's Information

Dam Name: _____ Record Number: _____

Tag/Microchip/Tattoo #: _____ Breeder's Name: _____

Color and Pattern: _____

Sire's Name _____ Tag/Microchip/Tag #: _____ Color & Pattern: _____

Dam's Name _____ Tag/Microchip/Tag #: _____ Color & Pattern: _____

CAGBA Photo Inspection Application (continued)

Instructions:

It is very important for the owner to know the 15 traits of the Breed Standard used to evaluate in an inspection, and then ensure the photos taken adequately show those traits. Common mistakes made include the following:

- Not sending ALL 10 required photos (described below).
- Not setting the goat up properly for the photo.
- Taking pictures from above the goat--looking down. This angle doesn't provide a true representation of the goat. Try kneeling to take the picture level with the goat or put the goat in a stanchion.
- Not using a ruler or tape measurer between the horns and scrotum (if split). It is nearly impossible to estimate distance from a photo--even using the "2-finger" method isn't adequate because of the differences hand sizes.
- Not including the goat's ID number. Include the goat's ID number in every picture. This is very important when sending photos for more than one goat. If the ID number is not in the picture, write the number on the back of the photo.

Remember, poor pictures may fail an animal that would otherwise pass a physical inspection. It's helpful to have two people when taking photos for a photo inspection. Use the information below as a checklist when preparing for a photo inspection.

Step 1 - Taking the Photos	<p>With the animal in full fleece, video or take the photos listed below. Video (in VHS format) is preferred, as there is a distinct advantage in being able to see the goat move/walk. If video is used, be sure to include two still photos of the goat for the registry herd book. If photos are used, please send doubles.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. **Front Standing: Animal should be photographed on dirt, cement, or wood floor so feet can be seen and feet must be trimmed. Photo should clearly show the chest and front legs. 2. **Right/Left Standing: Photo should clearly show the goat's top line. A contrasting color behind the goat helps define the top line, e.g., a light goat with dark background or dark goat with light background. 3. **Rear Standing: Photo should clearly show stance and alignment of rear legs. 4. Horn Spacing: - Close-up of horns with a ruler or tape measurer inserted between the horns at the base to document the space between the horns. 5. Goat ID: Close-up of ear tag and/or tattoo. 6. Mouth: Close-up of teeth with lips held back to clearly show the bite--where the teeth and pad meet. 7. Under Side: Belly, including armpits down to the udder or scrotum, and close-up of the udder or scrotum. If there is any split on the scrotum, use a ruler to document the length of the split. Teats on both bucks and does must be clearly shown. <p>** For each of these three views, include a shorn photo of the same view). Shorn photos help the inspectors with evaluating the body structure.</p>
Step 2 - Preparing the Fleece	<p>Shear the animal and package the fleece for shipping. The fleece must be: 3rd clip or greater, between 3-5 inches in length, shorn not more than one year prior to the inspection, skirted (fecal matter and stain removed), and the entire fleece that was on the animal at the time the video/photos were taken.</p>

Color and Pattern Index - Read the choices and circle all the numbers and letters that most closely describe the goat. Please note any differences between your choice and your goat (i.e., a gray and tan light-belly goat with a partial belt would be 37DM. Please put the predominate color first.

Fleece Colors <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. White 2. Siler 3. Gray 4. Black with Gray Tips 5. Black 6. Fading Red (colored at birth fading to near white) 7. Cream / Apricot 8. Medium Red / Copper Red 9. Taupe / Silvery Brown 10. Chocolate Brown 	Patterns <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. Solid Color (no pattern) B. Black and White (dark front, light rear, no facial stripes) C. Darkbelly or Badger (dark belly facial stripes, top line and legs, light body) D. Lightbelly or Reverse Badger (dark body, light facial stripes, belly and legs) E. Mantled (dark front, light rear, facial stripes) F. Peacock (light front, dark rear, facial stripes) G. Tog (dark body, belly, light facial and leg stripes) H. White Spots (white spots on colored background) I. Colored Spots (colored spots on white background) J. White with Colored Fibers K. Pinto (Colored and white patches) L. Belt (white band around middle of goat) M. Partial Belt (partial extension of white from the belly up the side)
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